

passenger deck located over a baggage compartment.

SEC. 5. BUS SECURITY ASSESSMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall transmit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, and the Select Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives, a preliminary report in accordance with the requirements of this section.

(b) CONTENTS OF PRELIMINARY REPORT.—The preliminary report shall include—

(1) an assessment of the over-the-road bus security grant program;

(2) an assessment of actions already taken to address identified security issues by both public and private entities and recommendations on whether additional safety and security enforcement actions are needed;

(3) an assessment of whether additional legislation is needed to provide for the security of Americans traveling on over-the-road buses;

(4) an assessment of the economic impact that security upgrades of buses and bus facilities may have on the over-the-road bus transportation industry and its employees;

(5) an assessment of ongoing research and the need for additional research on over-the-road bus security, including engine shut-off mechanisms, chemical and biological weapon detection technology, and the feasibility of compartmentalization of the driver; and

(6) an assessment of industry best practices to enhance security.

(c) CONSULTATION WITH INDUSTRY, LABOR, AND OTHER GROUPS.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall consult with over-the-road bus management and labor representatives, public safety and law enforcement officials, and the National Academy of Sciences.

SEC. 6. FUNDING.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security to carry out this Act \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 and \$99,000,000 for fiscal year 2004. Such sums shall remain available until expended.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEE STUDENT LOAN ASSISTANCE ACT

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 220, S. 926.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 926) to amend section 5379 of title 5, United States Code, to increase the annual and aggregate limits on student loan repayments by Federal agencies.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 926) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 926

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Federal Employee Student Loan Assistance Act".

SEC. 2. STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENTS.

Section 5379(b)(2) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "\$6,000" and inserting "\$10,000"; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "\$40,000" and inserting "\$60,000".

S. 481

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ANNUITY COMPUTATION ADJUSTMENT FOR PERIODS OF DISABILITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 8415 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating the second subsection (i) as subsection (k); and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(l) In the case of any annuity computation under this section that includes, in the aggregate, at least 2 months of credit under section 8411(d) for any period while receiving benefits under subchapter I of chapter 81, the percentage otherwise applicable under this section for that period so credited shall be increased by 1 percentage point."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 8422(d)(2) of title 5, United States Code (as added by section 122(b)(2) of Public Law 107-135), is amended by striking "8415(i)" and inserting "8415(k)".

(c) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to any annuity entitlement which is based on a separation from service occurring on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

HONORING THE MEMORY OF DR. WILLIAM R. BRIGHT

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 206, which was submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

S. Res. 206, honoring the memory of Dr. William R. "Bill" Bright, commending his life as an example to succeeding generations.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. BROWNBACK. Mr. President, I rise today to honor the memory of one of the great spiritual leaders of the twentieth century, Dr. William R. Bright. Dr. Bright, or Bill, as a number of us in this Chamber knew him, was a man of great faith, great heart, and great strength. Bill Bright's passing on Saturday, July 19, 2003, leaves a hole in my heart and the hearts of the many individual lives he touched. For this reason, I would like to take a few moments to remember the life and work of Dr. Bright.

Bill was born in Coweta, Oklahoma, in 1921. He graduated from Northeastern State University in Oklahoma with a Bachelor of Arts degree in economics and a minor in sociology. While a student, Bill already showed promise as an energetic community leader. He served as editor of the university yearbook, was elected student body president, was chosen as a member of Who's Who in American Colleges and Univer-

sities, and was selected by students and faculty as the year's outstanding graduate. After graduation, he joined the extension faculty of Oklahoma State University for a time, and then moved to Los Angeles to launch a business career.

While in California, Bill attended the First Presbyterian Church in Hollywood, where he became a Christian in 1945 and began an intensive study of the Bible. Never one who lacked commitment to those endeavors he felt were of great importance, Bill engaged in 5 years of graduate work at Princeton and Fuller theological seminaries, while still continuing his business interests. During his studies at Fuller, young Bright became convinced that he personally needed to be working to help fulfill Christ's Great Commission to spread the Gospel to those around him. Looking for opportunity to act on this calling, Bright began by sharing his faith in Christ with students on campus at UCLA, and activity which gave birth to the present worldwide ministry of Campus Crusade for Christ International.

Bill worked faithfully to lead Campus Crusade for Christ from its infancy in 1951 to its current size. Campus Crusade has grown to be one of the world's largest Christian ministries, serving individuals in 191 countries through a staff of 26,000 full-time employees and more than 225,000 trained volunteers. What began as a campus ministry now covers almost every segment of society with more than 70 special ministries and projects which reach out to students, inner cities, governments, prisons, families, the military, executives, musicians, athletes, and many others.

In addition to touching so many lives by the work of Campus Crusade, Bright reached out to others through the print and visual media. Bill authored more than 100 books and booklets, as well as thousands of articles and pamphlets, which have been distributed by the millions in most major languages. In particular, his 1956 booklet title *The Four Spiritual Laws* has been printed in over 200 languages and distributed to more than 2.5 billion people. Bright also commissioned the *JESUS* film, a documentary of the life of Christ, which has been viewed by over 5.1 billion people in 234 countries and has been translated into 786 languages.

While Bill focused on serving others and would not like attention to be drawn to himself, he could certainly not avoid attracting praise for his great works of religious and community service. Dr. Bright held six honorary doctorate degrees: a Doctor of Laws from the Jeonbug National University of Korea, a Doctor of Divinity from John Brown University, a Doctor of Letters from Houghton University, a Doctor of Divinity from the Los Angeles Bible College and Seminary, a Doctor of Divinity from Montreat-Anderson College, and a Doctor of Laws from Pepperdine University. In 1971, he was named outstanding alumnus of his